

## Italy's Architects Show the Way

Judith Harris (December 03, 2014)



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respectively in Milan.

Renzo Piano burst into worldwide fame in 1977 for the [Pompidou Centre](#) [5] in Paris, which he designed together with [Richard Rogers](#) [6].

That building was portrayed by the Economist as the “manifesto for a new kind of museum, a thumb in the eye to those who believe that art must be quarantined from the unwashed masses.”

Even as a senator, he has retained some of those populist impulses, the Economist points out; and although [President Giorgio Napolitano](#) [7] made Piano a lifetime senator, he still gives a modest description of himself as a “geometra genovese” (Genoese geometrician).

Some of those populist impulses predominate his ideas for the future of Italy. “When I was made a senator I thought that the sole contribution I could make would be to continue to do my regular job even in the Senate and put myself at the disposal of the collectivity,” he wrote in an article published Nov. 26 in *La Repubblica* daily.

He took inspiration, he added, from what [Massimo Troisi](#) [8], playing [Pablo Neruda](#) [9], said in the film [Il Postino](#) [10]: “I’m a poet and I express myself in that language.”

My language, said Piano, is architecture, and being an architect is in effect a political job; the word itself comes from polis, which means city in ancient Greek. “So what I was seeking as a lifetime senator was a long-term project.”

This led to his decision to focus on the problems of the transformation of the Italian city into a metropolis whose new, neglected suburbs – *la periferia*, as the Italians call them – have in recent decades become home to the vast majority of Italians.

This country’s agglomeration of vibrant, strikingly differing city-states, from Venice to Bolzano to Siracusa and Spoleto, have been and remain the country’s wealth in terms of urban architecture, art, food, music, university life and other cultural forms, not to mention as tourist attractions. But today only 10% of the Italian population lives in these historical town centers, and the majority of the others, in suburbs, “with which we associate the word ‘degradation,’” says Piano. “And yet, if not exactly photogenic, these are the cities of the future – the ones we bequeath to our children.”

In recent months Piano, 78, has been putting forward his ideas on this in public appearances and in articles in specialized journals as well as in the popular media (see: [www.renzopianog124.com](http://www.renzopianog124.com) [11]). Last year he also turned his senatorial stipend over to six young architects, charged with studying how these boonie suburbs can be improved.

“We are an extraordinary and very beautiful country, but at the same time very fragile,” he says. “Both the landscape and cities are fragile, as are in particular *le periferie*, where no one has the time and money for their maintenance.” But these are the cities of the future, “where human energy is concentrated.” A green belt is also needed, he maintains.

And why not a vertical green belt? This was Boeri’s contribution to the Milanese landscape for the *Isola* quarter in Milan. On the balconies of the two skyscrapers Boeri designed there, as part of the *Porta Nuova* urban renewal project, are hundreds of plants on terraces. Boeri’s winning design outshone even the likes of Rem Koolhaas, with whom Boeri and others coauthored the book *Mutations*, published in 2000. The congratulations came from both President Napolitano and Milan Mayor Giuliano Pisapia, who said with obvious pleasure that Milan itself was also being awarded.

Boeri was born in Milan and teaches at the Milan Polytechnic. He is also a visiting professor at Harvard University, and at university institutes in Moscow, Rotterdam, Lausanne and Mendrisio. Like Piano, he is interested in urban renewal with projects regarding port cities like Genoa, Naples and Trieste, in Italy and in Marseilles and Doha. For Sardinia he rebuilt an abandoned military complex. His prize-winning *Bosco Verticale* for Milan is described as a “biodiversity residential complex” and was completed this year.



And there are other world-class architects in today's Italy. Massimiliano Fuksas is one – an “archstar,” according to the daily *Corriere della Sera*. For Rome's EUR suburb, built in the days of Mussolini, he designed “La Nuvola” congress center, which until recently had suffered from a shortage of funding, now resolved. The inauguration is slated for the opening of Expo 2015 in Milan.

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### **Links**

- [1] <http://newsite.iitaly.org/files/boscoverticale1417648361jpg>
- [2] <http://www.rpbw.com/>
- [3] <http://www.harvardartmuseums.org/>
- [4] <http://www.stefano-boeri-architetti.net/en/>
- [5] <https://www.centrepompidou.fr/en>
- [6] [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Richard\\_Rogers](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Richard_Rogers)
- [7] [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Giorgio\\_Napolitano](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Giorgio_Napolitano)
- [8] [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Massimo\\_Troisi](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Massimo_Troisi)
- [9] [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pablo\\_Neruda](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pablo_Neruda)
- [10] [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Il\\_Postino:\\_The\\_Postman](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Il_Postino:_The_Postman)
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